

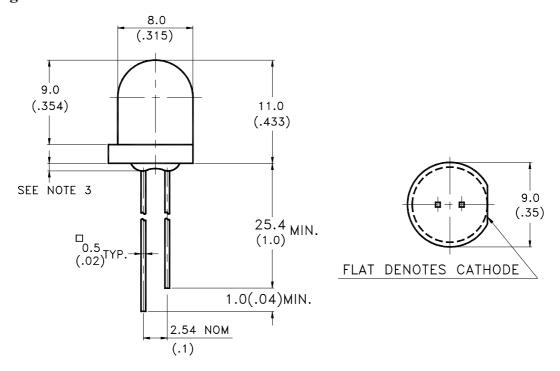
# LITEON LITE-ON ELECTRONICS, INC.

Property of Lite-On Only

#### **Features**

- \* Low power consumption.
- \* 8mm diameter big lamp.
- \* I.C. compatible / low current requirements.
- \* Wide viewing Angle.
- \* Reliable and rugged.

### **Package Dimensions**



Part No.	Lens	Source Color	
LTL-327Y	Yellow Diffused	Yellow	

#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is  $\pm 0.25$ mm(.010") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0mm(.04") max.
- 4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Part No.: LTL-327Y Page: of 4



## LITEON ELECTRONICS, INC.

Property of Lite-On Only

## Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25℃

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit	
Power Dissipation	60	mW	
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	80	mA	
Continuous Forward Current	20	mA	
Derating Linear From 50°C	0.25	mA/°C	
Reverse Voltage	5	V	
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C		
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm(.063") From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds		

Page: Part No.: LTL-327Y of 4



## LITEON ELECTRONICS, INC.

Property of Lite-On Only

### Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	Iv	3.7	12.6		mcd	$I_F = 10 \text{mA}$ Note 1,4
Viewing Angle	2 heta 1/2		46		deg	Note 2 (Fig.6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λР		585		nm	Measurement  @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	$\lambda$ d		588		nm	Note 3
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		35		nm	
Forward Voltage	$V_{\mathrm{F}}$		2.1	2.6	V	$I_F = 20 \text{mA}$
Reverse Current	$I_{ m R}$			100	$\mu$ A	$V_R = 5V$
Capacitance	С		15		pF	$V_F = 0$ , $f = 1MHz$

Note: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission International De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

- 2.  $\theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 3. The dominant wavelength,  $\lambda_d$  is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.
- 4. The Iv guarantee should be added  $\pm 15\%$  .

Part No.: LTL-327Y Page: 3 of 4

### Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

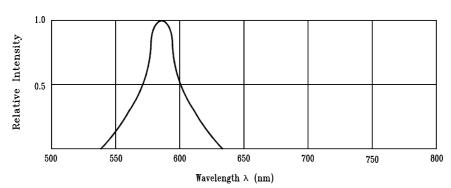
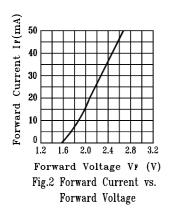
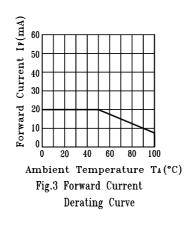
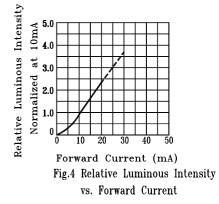
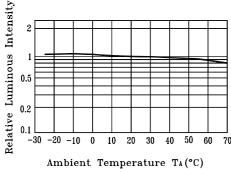


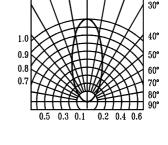
Fig.1 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength











mbient Temperature TA(°C) Fig.5 Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

Fig.6 Spatial Distribution

Part No.: LTL-327Y Page: 4 of 4